G. R. S. App. F. IX-4]

Previous References.
W92-40-1 to 4.

1942 - 3
(War.)

War File No. 42-42
Serial Nos. 1 to 11

Later References.
W 42-42-13 & 14
W 9-43-1 to 3.
W 121-43-1 to 10, 15 to 21, 23 to 29, & 36 to 45

P-7?)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos. Eleven only.

Part B for October 1942

SUBJECT.

Grant of assistance to evacuees from abroad & to families of persons detained in enemy-occupied territories.

341
348/

General and Revenue Secretariat

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from abroad and to families of persons detained in enemy occupied territories.

W File No. 42 of 1942-3 [App. F. III-2

Serial No.

From The Secy to the Hon'ble the Resident F 192-41(1) W & 24th Jul. 42 forwarding a copy of Dept of Overseas letter & 6th Jul 42 for such action as this Govt may deem it necessary.

F. 192-41(11) W & 24th Jul 42 communicating certain confidential points in the grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

Copies of the Overseas Dept letter and the Reg letter will be sent to the D.M.Bloc ISP & Comptr. to whom the previous letters on the subject have been sent. The letters are only for the information of this Govt and for such action as may be deemed fit. Subd for perusal and orders.

A

Action may be taken as set R

27/7

Land Ministry

Minister (I&R). 28/7 28/7

Subd with a letter to the ISP & D.C. Bloc with memo to the Comptr

Imm. Sabres may be taken D.C. also

GEN

OFFICE OF THE ... LAW
JUL 27 1942
No 938

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR ... & REVENUE
28 JULY 1942
No. 888

E—Cont. Sheet.

WD 04155—GPB—55,000—23.10.41

347/S
498/W

Grant of Financial Assistance to Evacuees from Burma at the Far East.

W File No. 42 of 1942-3.

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No.

From The Acting to the Hon'ble the Resident D. 4242-42/W & 4th aug. 42 enclosing a list of evacuees residing in the State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee and requesting that the DCs of concerned Dts may be asked to verify whether assistance should be continued.

Copies of the present Resy letter with the list and Dept of Overseas letter will be sent to the DCs of Dts for information and necessary action, with a memo to the Comptr. The Resy letter desires that the recommendations of the DCs may be sent to the Resy. It is for consideration whether the DCs may be asked to correspond direct with the Resy in the matter.

Subd for general and orders.

Encl to Fly A

Nohan

RS 7/8/42

Chief Secy

7/8/42

Chief Secy

Let their reports come here & we may send them to the Residency

11/8

Subd with a draft to the DCs of Dts.

RS 11/8/42

Issued 1068-71/W & 15th aug. 42.

#5

CHIEF SECRETARY 7. AUG. 1942 GOVT. OF ...

498/W.

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma & the Far East.

General and Revenue Secretariat

W File No. 42 of 1942-3. [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR LAW
AUG 18 1942
No. 1664

CHIEF SECRETARY
17. AUG. 194
GOVT. OF MYSORE.

DEPUTY SECRETARY'S OFFICE
20. AUG. 1942
No. 1744

Subd with a draft reply to the Govt with refce to Para 4 of their letter

for 17/8

Draft reply

On further consideration I think the Govt comments should be awaited.

Law D. 17/8

Law D. 18/8

Draft reply

Secy 22/8/42

Secy

Secy

Secy

498
787
W

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma to the Far East

W File No. 42 of 1942-3

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No. #7

From: The D. C. Blow

A7. Spl. R. 6.77/42 & 29° aug. 42 forwarding his recommendations in the continuance or otherwise of financial assistance to certain evacuees.

Subd for perusal. The DC may perhaps be asked to send his recommendations direct to the Resy. according to this office subsequent letter, instead of this office forwarding the letter to the Resy.

B

RS 1/9 SC

We may send this & inform the D.C. also accordingly for future guidance

[illegible] 1/9

Subd. with a letter to the Resy with a memo to D.C. B [illegible]

[illegible] 1/9

SC 1/9.

Issued 512 & 1st Sept. 42 to the Resy. #8

" 1450/W [illegible] D C Blow

B

1014/15 W 1112/W

Grant of financial assistance to persons evacuated to India

General and Revenue Secretariat

W File No. 42 of 1942-3. [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

9 From The A C Kolar

11 C. 199/42 and 21st Sept. 42 forwarding a copy of letter addressed to the Resy. with grant of assistance to Ch D' Marsh.

10 From The D C Bangalore

17 Sept R. 6. 77/42 & 21st Sept. 42 forwarding a copy of letter addressed to the Resy. with grant of assistance to Mr G Akhan.

E The D Mo were requested to furnish their recommendations direct to the Resy.

Subd for perusal.

RS 24/9 SC

11 From The D. C. Mangalore

T. C 215/41-42 & 30th Sept. 42 forwarding a copy of letter addressed to the Resy. in Mrs. Rukmaniammal, an evacuee from Burma.

Subd for perusal.

RS 2/X SC

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 04155—GPB—55,000—23-10-41

~~W92-40-8~~ W42-42-1

The reply to this communication should be addressed to the Secretary to the Resident in Mysore, Bangalore, by designation and not by name.

No. F.192-41(1)/W(Secret)

347/W

FROM

THE SECRETARY
TO THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

CHIEF SECRETARY. 24. JUL. 1942 GOVT. OF MYSORE.

Dated Bangalore, the 24th July *1942.*

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from abroad and to families of persons detained in enemy occupied territories.

SIR,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the Government of India, Department of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42-O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 for information and favour of such action as the Government of Mysore may deem it necessary to take on the lines of the action taken in British India.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

for SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT.

VN

No.F.135-1/42-O.S.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
Department of Indians Overseas.
New Delhi, the 6th July 1942.

From

G.S. Bozman, Esquire, C.I.E., I.C.S.,
Secretary to the Government of India,

To

All Provincial Governments and
Local Administrations.

....

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

Sir,

I am directed to state that the Government of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Department letters No.126/25/41-Political(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41,Political(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had reference principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece, Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Government for whom the Government of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a few were expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern theatres of war has made it necessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Government of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- per month for a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Department letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is.....

is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Government for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Government of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Government of India have therefore decided that the scales of allowances should be so devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Government of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Government of India recognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes. These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

Estimated normal income or remittances.	Single adult earner or person normally in receipt of a remittance.	Earner or receiver of remittance & wife (or adult dependent)	Child.
Up to & including Rs.50 p.m.	15	25	5
Rs.51 to Rs.150	30	50	8
Rs.151 to Rs.400	60	100	12
Rs.401 to Rs.750	100	170	16
Over Rs.750	150	250	20

Further, in no case should the allowances payable to or on account of a single earner and his dependents exceed 75% of

the.....

the normal income or remittance and the Government of India consider there should be an absolute maximum of Rs.350/- per month per group dependent upon a single earner.

5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to repay. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Government of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment, and all allowances should be subject to review, preferably monthly, to ascertain what efforts have been made to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Government of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

6. The Provincial Governments may in supersession of previous orders on the subject grant allowances both to refugees as well as to dependents of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries without previous reference to the Government of India. The Provincial Governments may further delegate such of their powers in this matter as they may deem fit to District Officers, and the Government of India hope that Provincial Governments will be able to delegate these powers as widely as possible. Where relief of this kind is needed at all, it is usually needed urgently.

7. The Provincial Governments may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, in addition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help,

particulars.....

particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Governments, etc.

8. Allowances for children may, in any case in which the Provincial Governments think fit, be conditional upon the parent or guardian producing evidence that the children are receiving education.

9. It is the intention of the Government of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain in force for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter. Provincial Governments are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Department letter No. F.10(27)-W/41, dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements should continue to be followed. A separate account should be kept for debit to the Government of Burma of payments made on behalf of British evacuees from Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. These will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese, or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Secretary.

No.F.155-1/42-O.S.

Copy forwarded to the Home Department (with 25 spare copies).
Finance Department (with 15 spare copies).
Political Department (with 75 spare copies).

By order,

Assistant Secretary.

RA.
"500 - 6.7.42". — D

~~W42-40-9~~. W42-42-2.

The reply to this communication should be addressed to the Secretary to the Resident in Mysore, Bangalore, by designation and not by name.

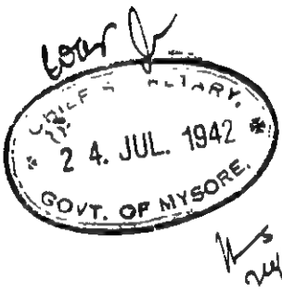
CONFIDENTIAL

No. F.192-41(ii)/W.

348/W

FROM

THE SECRETARY TO THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.



To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

Dated Bangalore, the 24th July *1942.*

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

- - - - - - - -

SIR,

I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W, dated the 24th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Government of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In devising the scales for relief, the Government of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipient to repay. Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible. What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Government of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

4....

4. Cases may also occur in which the ability to repay is never in doubt. Such cases would for instance be those of senior Government officials, or their dependants who are temporarily cut off from their normal financial resources and cannot, for a limited period, draw upon those resources; similarly, non-officials of known financial standing may need time to establish contact with their agents in India or elsewhere in the Empire. In such cases the Government of India are of opinion that the scales and the maximum imposed may be within reason exceeded, the allowances being regarded purely as temporary financial accommodation. The Government of India would, however, like such cases to be reported to them for information.

5. Finally the Government of India say that His Majesty's Government have not yet concurred in the revised scales. Payment of allowances to European British subjects should therefore, until further instructions, continue to be governed by the previous instructions. The consent of the Burma Government to accept responsibility regarding Burmans and Anglo-Burmans is also being sought. Pending any further instructions these individuals should be dealt with in accordance with the revised scales.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

for SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT.

ksv

CONFIDENTIAL.

No. W.901-2. Encl 4 each.

~~W92-40-10.~~
W42-42-3.

6th August 1942.

The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.

The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

- - - - -

I am directed to forward for your information and guidance copies of letters Nos. F.192-41(i)/W and F.192-41(ii)/W dated the 24th July 1942 together with enclosure, received from the Residency on the above subject.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) M.G.Mehkri.

~~xx~~For Chief Secretary to Government.

No. W-903 Encl 4 Dated the 6th August 1942.

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Comptroller to Government with copies of Residency letters dated the 24th July 1942 with enclosure, for information.

For Chief Secretary to Government.

Copy of Letter No.F.192-41(1)/W dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secretary, to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

- - - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from abroad and to families of persons detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the Govt. of India Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42-O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 for information and favour of such action as the Govt. of Mysore may deem it necessary to take on the lines of the action taken in British India.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42-O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas to all Provincial Govts. and Local administrations.

- - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

- - -

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/25/41-Poll.(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41.Poll(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had reference principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Govt. for whom the Govt. of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a fewwere expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern ~~xxxxxxxx~~theatres of war has made it nececessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Govt. of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- per month for a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Dept. letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Govt. for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Govt. of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Govt. of India have therefore decided that the scales of allowances should be so ~~xxxx~~ devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances

should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Govt. of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Govt. of Indiarecognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes. These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

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Rs.51 to Rs.150/-	30	50	8
Rs.151 to Rs.400/-	60	100	12
Rs.401 to Rs.750/-	100	170	16
Over Rs.750/-	150	250	20

Further, in no case should the allowance payable to or on account of a single earner and his dependents exceed 75% of the normal income or remittance and the Govt. of India consider there should be an absolute maximum of Rs.350/- per month per group dependent upon a single earner.

5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to repay. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Govt. of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment, and all allowances should be subject to review, preferably monthly, to ascertain what efforts have been made to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Govt. of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

6. The Provincial Govts. may in supersession of previous orders onthe subject grant allowances both to refugees as well as to dependents of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries without pre-

previous reference to the Govt. of India. The Provincial Govts. may further delegate such of their powers in this matter as they may deem fit to District Officers, and the Govt. of India hope that Provincial Govts. will be able to delegate these powers as widely as possible. Where relief of this kind is needed at all, it is usually needed urgently.

7. The Provincial Govts. may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, inaddition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help, particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Govts. etc.

8. Allowances for children may, in any case in which the Provincial Govts. think fit, be conditional upon the parent or guardian producing evidence that the children are receiving education.

9. It is the intention of the Govt.of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain inforce for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter, Provincial Govts. are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Dept. letter No.F.10 (27)-W/41, dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements should continue to be followed. A separate account should be kept for debit to the Govt.of Burma of payments made on behalf of British evacuees from Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. These will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese,or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees, the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Copy of letter No.F.192-41(ii)/w dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

- - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

- - - - -

I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Govt. of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In devising the scales for relief, the Govt. of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipient to repay Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Govt. of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

4. Cases may also occur in which the ability to repay is never in doubt. Such cases would for instance be those of senior Govt. officials, or their dependants who are temporarily cut off from their normal financial resources and cannot, for a limited period, draw upon those resources; similarly, non-officials of known financial standing may need time to establish contact with their agents in India or elsewhere in the Empire. In such cases the Govt. of India are of opinion that the scales and the maximum imposed may be within reason exceeded, the allowances being regarded purely as temporary financial accommodation. The Govt. of India would, however, like such cases to be reported to themfor information.

5. Finally the Govt.of India say that His Majesty's Govt. have not yet concurred in the revised scales. Payment of allowances to European British subjects should therefore, until further instructions continue to be governed by provisions in force hitherto. The consent of the Burma Govt.to accept responsibility regarding Burmans and Anglo Burmans is also being sought. Pending any further instructions these individuals should be dealt with in accordance with the revised scales.

The reply to this communication should be addressed to the Secretary to the Resident in Mysore, Bangalore, by designation and not by name.

W92-46-11: W42-42-4. 498/W

No. D62-42-42/W (e-cae)

FROM

THE SECRETARY TO THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

CHIEF SECRETARY, 5. AUG. 1942 GOVT. OF MYSORE.

The Chief Secretary to the Government of

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore

Dated Bangalore, the 4th August 1942.

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

- - -

SIR,

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Government of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Deputy Commissioners concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Deputy Commissioner considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Government of India, Department of Indians Overseas letter No.F.135-1/42-O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W, dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of the advance, the Deputy Commissioner will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees". Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury

for

for credit under the head "LII-Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doubt, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required, etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Government of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

for SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT.

VN

No.	Cd.No.	Name.	Dependents.	Former Address.	Present Address.	Amt. paid.	Date of payment.	Remarks.
1.	No.9	Mr.P.V.Naidu	4	Bow Lane,Rangoon	Lakshmipuram, Mysore.	50/-	1-4-1942	Through Deputy Commissioner Mysore.
2.	H/237	" S.D.Dharam	4	Thazi Rd., Burma.	Near P.O. Channapatna.	55/-	23-6-1942.	Blore.
3.	MA/90	" S.Gobichand	6	Dist. Treasury, Magwe.	-do-	65/-	20-6-1942	
4.		"		"	"	65/-	20-7-1942	
4.	MA/127	Mr.N.Chelliah	nil	Burma Royal Corp. Rangoon.	General Drug Stores, Anderson-pet.	20/-	23-7-1942	By M.O. — Kolar
5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Loco Works, Insein.	197, Avenue Road, Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9-7-1942	" — Kolar
6.	MA/131	" Joseph Joshua	2	Med. College, Rangoon.	4, Coronation St, Bowringpet.	14/-	18-6-1942	Kolar
7.	MA/130	" Peter Joshua	3	-do-	-do-	14/-	-do-	
8.	MA/59	" S.Krishnamurthy		Magur.	Near P.O. Channa-patna.	15/-	16-6-1942	— Blore
9.	H/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Moungtalai St., Rangoon.	C/o. P.O. Hosakote	30/-	9-4-1942	Through Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore.
10.	MA/126	" P.A.Rangana-than.	3	Bow Lane, Rangoon	2436, Chamundi Ex. Mysore City.	-	—	Mysore
11.	MA/93	Mrs.Rukmini-ammal.	3	University, Rangoon.	Sivasamudram.	30/-	23-7-1942	— Mandya
12.	MA/94	Mr.V.Sandhanam	2	Godwin Road, Rangoon.	4, Mohideen Pasha St., Bowringpet.	30/-	27-6-1942	— Kolar
		"		"	"	30/-	23-7-1942.	
13.	MA/91	" S.Shanmugam Pillay	Nil	C/o. Coombes Co., Rangoon.	22, N.Mohalla, Mysore.	20/-	26-6-1942.	— Mysore

Appendix F G—1]

498/W

SUBJECT

Section War

File No. ~~92-40~~ ~~42-42~~

Serial No. ~~12~~ 5

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. 1068-71

To The DCS of concerned Dts.

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *19* :

Date of issue 15.8.42

Signed by Mr. S.K.V.

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma & the Far East.

Sir, I am directed to enclose herein for information and necessary action a copy of Resy letter d 4th aug. 42 and enclosure on the above subject. Copy of the Dept of Overseas letter, referred to in the Resy letter, is also enclosed for guidance. I am to request that the recommendations may kindly be sent to this office for transmission to the Resy.

Thanks.

[illegible] 11/8/42

For Chief Secy to Govt

WD 086—GPB—40,000—30-7-40

CONFIDENTIAL.

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. 1063-71/W.Encls. General and Revenue Secretariat,

~~W92-40-12~~ W42-42-5

Dated Bangalore, 15th August 1942.

FROM

The Chief Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

The Deputy Commissioner, and Sr. Andrew Blow, Kolar, Mysore District.

SIR,

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose herein for information and necessary action a copy of Residency letter dated the 4th August 1942 and enclosure on the above subject. Copy of the Department of Overseas letter, referred to in the Residency letter is also enclosed for guidance. I am to request that the recommendations may kindly be sent to this office for transmission to the Residency.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

For Chief Secretary to Government.

Copy of letter No.P.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

- - - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Comsrs. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Comsr. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.P.192-41(1)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of x the advance, the Dy. Comsr. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doubt, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Govt. of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

- - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/25/41-Poll.(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41-Poll.(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had reference

principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece, Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Govt. for whom the Govt. of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a few were expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern theatres of war has made it necessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Govt. of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- p.m. for ~~xx~~ a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Dept. letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Govt. for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Govt. of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Govt. of India ~~xxx~~ have therefore decided that the scales of allowances should be so devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Govt. of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Govt. of India recognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

Estimated normal income or remittances.	Single adult earner or person normally in receipt of a remittance.	Earner or receiver of remittance & wife (or adult dependent).	Child.
Up to & including Rs.50 p.m.	15	25	5
Rs.51 to Rs.150.	30	50	8
Rs.151 to Rs.400.	60	100	12
Rs.401 to Rs.750	100	170	16
Over Rs.750	150	250	20

Further, in no case should the allowances payable to or on account of a single earner and his dependents exceed 75% of the normal income or remittance and the Govt. of India consider there should be an absolute maximum of Rs.350/- p.m. per group dependent upon a single earner.

5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to reply. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Govt. of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Govt. of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

6. The Provincial Govts. may in supersession of previous orders on the subject grant allowances both to refugees as well as to dependents of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries without previous reference to the Govt. of India. The Provincial Govts. may further delegate such of their powers in this matter as they may deem fit to Dist. Officers, and the Govt. of India hope that Provincial Govts. will be able to delegate these powers as widely as possible. Where relief of this kind is needed at all, it is usually needed urgently.

7. The Provincial Govts. may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, in addition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help, particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Govts. etc.

8. Allowances for children may, in any case in which the Provincial Govts. think fit, be conditional upon the parent or guardian producing evidence that the children are receiving education.

9. It is the intention of the Govt.of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain in force for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter, Provincial Govts. are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Dept. letter No.F.10(27-W/41 dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements

should continue to be followed. A separate ~~xxx~~ account should be kept for debit to the Govt. of Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. These will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese, or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees, the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Copy of letter No.F.192-41(ii)/W dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secy. to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

- - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

- - -

I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Govt. of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In ~~xxxxx~~ devising the scales for relief, the Govt.of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipients to repay. Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible. What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Govt. of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

4. Cases may also occur in which the ability to repay is never in doubt. Such cases would for instance be those of senior Govt. officials, or their dependents who are temporarily cut off from their normal financial resources and cannot,for a limited period, draw upon those resources; similarly, non-officials of known financial standing may need time to establish contact with their agents in India or elsewhere in the Empire. In such cases the Govt.of India are of opinion that the scales and the maximum imposed may be within reason exceeded, the allowances being regarded purely as temporary financial accommodation. The Govt. of India would, however, like such cases to be reported to them for information.

5. Finally the Govt. of India may say that His Majesty's Govt. have not yet concurred in the revised scales. Payment of allowances to European British subjects should therefore, until further instructions, continue to be governed by the previous instructions. The consent of the Burma Govt. to accept responsibility regarding Burmans and Anglo-Burmans is also being sought. Pending any further instructions these individuals should be dealt with in accordance with the revised scales.

Sec

No.	Cf.No.	Name.	Dependents.	Former Address.	Present Address.	Amt. paid.	Date of payment.	Remarks.
1.	No.9.	Mr. P.V.Naidu.	4	Bow Land, Rangoon.	Lakshmipuram, Mysore.	50/-	1-4-1942	Through Dy. Commr., Mysore.
2.	M/237	" S.D.Dharam	4	Thazi Rd. Burma.	Near P.O.Channapatna.	55/-	23.6.1942.	
3.	MA/90	" S.Gobichand	6	Dist. Try.Magwe.	-do-	65/-	20.6.1942.	
	"	"		"	"	65/-	20.7.1942.	
4.	MA/127	" N.Chelliah	nil	Burma Royal Corp. Rangoon.	General Drug Stores, Andersonpet.	20/-	23.7.1942	by M.O.
5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Loco Works, Insein.	No 197, Avenue Rd., Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9.7.1942.	
6.	MA/131	" Joseph Joshua	2	Med. College, Rangoon.	4, Coronation St., Bowringpet.	14/-	18.6.1942.	
7.	MA/130	" Peter Joshua.	3	-do-	-do-	14/-	"	
8.	MA/59	" S.Krishnamurthy		Magur.	Near P.O.Channapatna.	15/-	16.6.1942.	
9.	M/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Mowngtalai St., Rangoon.	C/O P.O.Hoskote.	30/-	9.4.1042	Through Dy.Commr., Bangalore.
10.	MA/126	" P.A.Ranganathan.	3	Bow Lane, Rangoon.	2436, Chamundi Extension, Mysore.	-	-	
11.	MA/93	Mrs.Rukmini Ammal.	3	University, Rangoon.	Sivasamudram.	30/-	23.7.1942.	
12.	MA/94	Mr.V.Sandhanam	2	Godwin Road, Rangoon.	4, Mohideen Pasha St., Bowringpet.	30/-	27.6.1942.	
13	"	"		"	"	30/-	23.7.1942.	
13.	MA/91	" S.Shanmugam Pillay.	nil	C/O Coombes Co., Rangoon.	22, E.Mohalla, Mysore.	20/-	26.6.1942.	

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT .....

.....

.....

Section War

File No. 42-42

Serial No. 6.

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

No. Pol 459

To The Secy to the Hon'ble the Resident

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma & the Far East

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *19*

Date of issue 26th Aug 1942

Signed by Mr. S. K. V.

Sir,

With respect to your letter no D.4242-42/W & f^d aug. 42 on the above subject. I am directed to state that this Govt. agree to the proposal suggested in ~~your above~~ your letter ~~and~~ I am to add that the D.Cs ~~have~~ concerned have been instructed to follow the procedure.

I have ch

1314-17

[illegible] 17/8/42 For Chief Secy to Govt.

~~with the modification that instead of the D.Cs sending the requests to the Residency Division [illegible] the requests to the [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible]~~

List of enclosures .....

Copied by .....

Examined by .....

WD 086—GPB—40,000—30-7-40

CONFIDENTIAL.

26th August 1942.

Pol.459/W

~~W 92-40-13~~
W 42-42-6.

The Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

- - -

With reference to your letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 on the above subject, I am directed to state that this Government agree to the proposal suggested in your letter.

I am to add that the Deputy Commissioners concerned have been instructed to follow the procedure.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) M.G.Mehkri.

Chief Secretary to Government.

Memo No. 1314-17/W. Dated the 26th August 1942.

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Deputy Commissioner, Bhoma, Kolar, Mysore & Mandya Districts, in continuation of this office letter No.1068-71/W dated the 15th August 1942. He is requested to send the recommendations direct to the Residency instead of to this office.

For Chief Secretary to Government.

787 W42-40-11. W42-42-7

No.A7.Spl.R.6.77/42
Encl: 3.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
Bangalore District,
Dated, Bangalore the 29th August 1942.

From

C.M.H. RANAJODH SINGH, ESQ., B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

CHIEF SECRETARY
31. AUG. 1942
GOVT OF MYSORE

To

Mothamed-ul-Mulk
GULAM MOHIYUDDIN MEHKRI, ESQ., B.A.,LL.B.,
Chief Secretary to Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

Subject: Grant of financial assistance to Evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

With reference to your letter No.1068-71/W dated 15th August 1942 enquiring whether the financial assistante has to be continued to the marginally noted evacuees who were stated to have settled down in this District and to be receiving such assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, I have the honor to state that Mr. S.D. Dharam has stated that he has refunded the sum of Rs.110/- which he had received from the Indian Evacuee Reception Committee, Bangalore on 8-8-42 and that Messrs. S. Gobichand and Krishnamurti have gone to Madras, (the latter for appearing to H.S. Final Examination) and that they would be staying there fxor some time more. In the circumstances, there appears to be no need to continue the financial assistance to these three evacuees.

Messrs.
1. H/237 S.D. Dharam
2. MA/90 S.Gopichand
3. MA/59 S.Krishnamurti
4. H/ 11 G.A. Khan.

2. As regards the other evacuee Mr. G.A. Khan, the report called for from the Amildar, Hoskote has not yet been received; on receipt of which a further communication will be made.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

for DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
Bangalore District.

sn.2.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Pol 512 E(1

~~W 92 H 0 15~~
W 42-42-8

1st September 1942.

The Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

- - -

In continuation of this office letter No.Pol.459/W dated the 26th August 1942 on the above subject, I am directed to forward herewith a copy of letter No.A.7.Spl R.6.77 dated the 29th August 1942 from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, regarding the financial assistance to evacuees settled in his District.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) M.G.Mehkri.
~~For~~ Chief Secretary to Government.

Memo No. 1450/W/ Dated the 1st Septr. 1942.

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, with

further
the intimation that his/recommendations may kindly be sent direct to the Residency, as already requested in this office memo No.1314-17/W dated the 26th August 1942.

For Chief Secretary to Govt.

W 42-42-9. ~~W 92-40-16~~

1014

W

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

To

The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar Distt.

No. J.1.C.199/42-43.
Encls one.

Kolar the 21st Septr.'42.

Date

MEMO.

To The Secretary to the Hon'ble
the Resident in Mysore,
B a n g a l o r e.

SUBJECT: RE. GRANT OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO ONE MR. C.L.D'MONTE, AN EVACUEE FROM BURMAH.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that one Mr. C.L. D'Monte, No.6, Cross Road, Robertsonpet, K.G.F., said to be an employee in Burmah Service, made an application to me in August last stating that his pay and allowances for the months of April and July 1942 have not been received etc. The application was forwarded by me to the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, for disposal. No information has been received so far in the matter. Mr. C.L. D'Monte has again presented an application stating that he has been in extreme difficulties and requesting for an advance of Rs.100/- (one hundred only) against the arrears of pay due to him as per letter of the Chief Secretary of Burmah. He interviewed me at K.G.F. and showed me the letter referred to above. I see from the list of Indian Evacuees residing in Mysore State sent with your letter No.D.4242-42/W dated 4th August 1942 that the name of Mr. C.L.D'Monte has not been included therein. A copy of his letter is enclosed herein. Another copy has this day been sent to the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, for arranging to take necessary action in the matter. I request that such financial assistance as is permissible may be kindly granted to Mr. C.L.D'Monte.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Sd. T. Ramaiya,

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER &
DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
KOLAR DISTRICT.

P.T.O.

10/11
15

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Chief Secretary to Government of Mysore, Bangalore, for kind information of Government.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER &
DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
KOLAR DISTT.

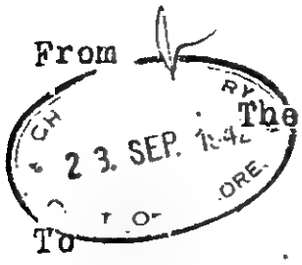
W 42-42-10.

1015

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District,
Dated, Bangalore, 21st Sept ,1942.

No.A7.Spl.R.6.77/42.

From



The Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District,
Bangalore.

To

The Secretary to the Hon'ble the British
Resident in Mysore,
Bangalore.

Sir,

Grant of financial assistance to Evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

-oOo-

In continuation of this office letter No.A7.Spl.R. 6.77/42, dated 29th August, 1942, on the above subject, forwarded to you through the Chief Secretary to Government in his No.Pol.512, dated 1st September, 1942, I have the honour to state that enquiries made regarding Mr. G.A. Khan disclose that Mr. G.A. Khan was employed in the Military Recruiting Officer, Bangalore, as a Non-combatant clerk, Lower Division on a pay Rs.60/- per mensem for two months from 20-4-1942 to 20-6-1942. No other information about him is available. He is not also urging for any relief.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Sd. C.M.H.Ranajodha Singh,
Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore Dist.

M E M O.

Copy is forwarded with compliments to the Chief Secretary to Government, with reference to his Memo No. 1450/W., dated 1st September, 1942 for information.

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore Dist.

S H."

W 42-42-11

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

1112/W

Tele gram / phone

OFFICE OF
The Deputy Commissioner,
Mandya District,
Mandya,

No. T.C. 215/41-42.
Encls.

Date 30th September 1942.

To

The Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore,
Bangalore.

Sir,

Subject:- Grant of Financial Assistance to Evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

With reference to your letter No. D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 on the above subject addressed to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, I have the honour to state that the evacuee, Mrs. Rukmini Ammal, referred to in the list enclosed to your letter, is not now residing at Sivasamudram and is ascertained, on local enquiry, to have been now residing at Coimbatore.

With regard to the three dependants on her, I wish to state that one is her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Rajamma and other two are, Devi and Shanta, daughters of Mrs. Rajamma. It is learnt that Mrs. Rajamma - whose husband was an employee in the University of Rangoon - with her two daughters, is at present residing with her father, who is a vegetarian Hotel-keeper at Sivasamudram.

Since Mrs. Rukmini Ammal was not at Sivasamudram and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Rajamma was reported to be in a maternity hospital having given birth to a child, the case of the above said evacuees could not be examined properly to recommend the continuance of the assistance.

In the foregoing circumstances, an enquiry may, perhaps be kindly caused to be made at Coimbatore, where Mrs. Rukmini Ammal is stated to be residing at present.

Her address at Coimbatore is ascertained to be as follows:-

4 Uppar Street,
Raja Street Cross,
Coimbatore.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Sd/ Mir Safdar Hussain,
Deputy Commissioner

No. T.C. 215/41-42.

1112
W

Memo

Copy of the foregoing is forwarded with compliments to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore, for favour of information, with reference to his Memo No. 1314-17/W dated 26th August 1942.

V

Deputy Commissioner,
Mandya District.

CONFIDENTIAL.

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. 1068-71/W.Encls.

General and Revenue Secretariat,

Dated Bangalore, 15th August 1942.

FROM

The Chief *Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.*

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

District.

SIR,

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose herein for information and necessary action a copy of Residency letter dated the 4th August 1942 and enclosure on the above subject. Copy of the Department of Overseas letter, referred to in the Residency letter is also enclosed for guidance. I am to request that the recommendations may kindly be sent to this office for transmission to the Residency.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

For Chief Secretary to Government.

Copy of letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

- - - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Commrs. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Commr. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(1)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of x the advance, the Dy. Commr. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doubt, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Govt. of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

- - - -

Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/25/41-Poll.(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41-Poll.(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had referenc

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5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Loco Works, Insein.	Rm 197, Avenue Rd., Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9.7.1942.	
6.	MA/131	" Joseph Joshua	2	Med. College, Rangoon.	4, Coronation St., Bowringpet.	14/-	18.6.1942.	
7.	MA/130	" Peter Joshua.	3	-do-	-do-	14/-	"	
8.	MA/59	" S.Krishnamurthy		Nagur.	Near P.O.Channapatna.	15/-	16.6.1942.	
9.	M/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Mewngtalai St., Rangoon.	C/O P.O.Hoskote.	30/-	9.4.1042	Through Dy.Commr., Bangalore.
10.	MA/126	" P.A.Ganganathan.	3	Bow Lane, Rangoon.	2436, Chamundi Extension, Mysore.	-	-	
11.	MA/93	Mrs.Rukmini Ammal.	3	University, Rangoon.	Sivasamudram.	30/-	23.7.1942.	
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13.	MA/91	" S.Shanmugam Pillay.	nil	C/O Coombes Co., Rangoon.	22, K.Mohalla, Mysore.	20/-	26.6.1942.	

Copy of letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Commrs. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Commr. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of ~~x~~ the advance, the Dy. Commr. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doube, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Govt. of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/25/41-Poll.(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41-Poll.(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had reference

principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece, Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Govt. for whom the Govt. of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a few were expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern theatres of war has made it necessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Govt. of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- p.m. for an a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Dept. letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Govt. for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Govt. of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Govt. of India xxx have therefore decided that the scales of allowances should be so devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Govt. of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Govt. of India recognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

Estimated normal income or remittances.	Single adult earner or person normally in receipt of a remittance.	Earner or receiver of remittance & wife (or adult dependent).	Child.
Up to & including Rs.50 p.m.	15	25	5
Rs.51 to Rs.150.	30	50	8
Rs.151 to Rs.400.	60	100	12
Rs.401 to Rs.750	100	170	16
Over Rs.750	150	250	20

Further, in no case should the allowance payable to or on account of a single earner and his dependents exceed 75% of the normal income or remittance and the Govt. of India consider there should be an absolute maximum of Rs.350/- p.m. per group dependent upon a single earner.

5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to reply. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Govt. of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the xxxx recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Govt. of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

6. The Provincial Govts. may in supersession of previous orders on the subject grant allowances both to refugees as well as to dependents of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries without previous reference to the Govt. of India. The Provincial Govts. may further delegate such of their powers in this matter as they may deem fit to Dist. Officers, and the Govt. of India hope that Provincial Govts. will be able to delegate these powers as widely as possible. Where relief of this kind is needed at all, it is usually needed urgently.

7. The Provincial Govts. may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, in addition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help, particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Govts. etc.

8. Allowances for children may, in any case in which the Provincial Govts. think fit, be conditional upon the parent or guardian producing evidence that the children are receiving education.

9. It is the intention of the Govt.of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain in force for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter. Provincial Govts. are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Dept. letter No.F.10(27-W/41 dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements

should continue to be followed. A separate ~~xxx~~ account should be kept for debit to the Govt. of Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. These will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese, or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees, the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Copy of letter No.F.192-41(ii)/W dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secy. to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

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I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Govt. of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In ~~xxxinx~~ devising the scales for relief, the Govt.of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipients to repay. Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible. What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Govt. of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

4. Cases may also occur in which the ability to repay is never in doubt. Such cases would for instance be those of senior Govt. officials, or their dependents who are temporarily cut off from their normal financial resources and cannot,for a limited period, draw upon those resources; similarly, non-officials of known financial standing may need time to establish contact with their agents in India or elsewhere in the Empire. In such cases the Govt.of India are of opinion that the scales and the maximum imposed may be within reason exceeded, the allowances being regarded purely as temporary financial accommodation. The Govt. of India would, however, like such cases to be reported to them for information.

5. Finally the Govt. of India may say that His Majesty's Govt. have not yet concurred in the revised scales. Payment of allowances to European British subjects should therefore, until further instructions, continue to be governed by the previous instructions. The consent of the Burma Govt. to accept responsibility regarding Burmans and Anglo-Burmans is also being sought. Pending any further instructions these individuals should be dealt with in accordance with the revised scales.

No.	Cd.No.	Name.	Dependents.	Former Address.	Present Address.	Amt. paid.	Date of payment.	Remarks.
1.	No.9.	Mr. P.V.Naidu.	4	Bow Land, Rangoon.	Lakshmipuram, Mysore.	50/-	1-4-1942	Through Dy. Commr. Mysore.
2.	H/237	" S.D.Dharam	4	Thazi Rd. Burma.	Near P.O.Channapatna.	55/-	23.6.1942.	
3.	MA/90	" S.Gobichand	6	Dist. Try.Magwe.	-do-	65/-	20.6.1942.	
	"	"		"	"	65/-	20.7.1942.	
4.	MA/127	" N.Chelliah	nil	Burma Royal Corp. Rangoon.	General Drug Stores, Andersonpet.	20/-	23.7.1942	by M.O.
5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Loco Works, Insein.	197, Avenue Rd., Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9.7.1942.	
6.	MA/131	" Joseph Joshua	2	Med. College, Rangoon.	4, Coronation St., Bowringpet.	14/-	18.6.1942.	
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9.	H/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Moungtalai St., Rangoon.	C/O P.O.Hoskote.	30/-	9.4.1042	Through Dy.Commr., Bangalore.
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Copy of letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Commrs. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Commr. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of ~~x~~ the advance, the Dy. Commr. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doubt, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Govt. of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/25/41-Poll.(E), dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41-Poll.(E) of the 26th July 1941. That scheme when first devised had reference

principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece, Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Govt. for whom the Govt. of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a few were expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern theatres of war has made it necessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Govt. of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- p.m. for an a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Dept. letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Govt. for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Govt. of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Govt. of India xxx have therefore decided that the scales of allowances should be so devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Govt. of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Govt. of India recognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

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Further, in no case should the allowance payable to or on account of a single earner and his dependents exceed 75% of the normal income or remittance and the Govt. of India consider there should be an absolute maximum of Rs.350/- p.m. per group dependent upon a single earner.

5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to reply. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Govt. of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the ~~xxxx~~ recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Govt. of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

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7. The Provincial Govts. may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, in addition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help, particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Govts. etc.

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9. It is the intention of the Govt.of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain in force for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter, Provincial Govts. are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Dept. letter No.F.10(27-W/41 dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements

should continue to be followed. A separate xxx account should be kept for debit to the Govt. of Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. These will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese, or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees, the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Copy of letter No.F.192-41(11)/W dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secy. to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

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I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(1)/W dated the 21th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Govt. of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In xxxxx devising the scales for relief, the Govt.of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipients to repay. Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible. What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Govt. of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

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5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Lece Works, Insein.	No 197, Avenue Rd., Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9.7.1942.	
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8.	MA/59	" S.Krishnamurthy		Nagur.	Near P.O. Channapatna.	15/-	16.6.1942.	
9.	H/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Mewngtalai St., Rangoon.	C/O P.O. Hoskote.	30/-	9.4.1042	Through Dy.Comnr., Bangalore.
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Copy of letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

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2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Comms. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Comm. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of x the advance, the Dy. Comm. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doube, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

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Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

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5. All allowances must be regarded as recoverable advances and should only be granted against undertakings to reply. Due care should be taken in the examination of border line cases, where the evidence as to income or remittance is indefinite or slender before they are admitted to the higher category. The Govt. of India consider it most undesirable to allow the "dole mentality" to be encouraged. For this reason no allowance should be so much as might induce the xxxx recipient not to make the utmost effort to find employment and to what extent they have been successful. It should also be clearly understood that the Govt. of India do not contemplate the payment of these allowances for an indefinite period.

6. The Provincial Govts. may in supersession of previous orders on the subject grant allowances both to refugees as well as to dependents of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries without previous reference to the Govt. of India. The Provincial Govts. may further delegate such of their powers in this matter as they may deem fit to Dist. Officers, and the Govt. of India hope that Provincial Govts. will be able to delegate these powers as widely as possible. Where relief of this kind is needed at all, it is usually needed urgently.

7. The Provincial Govts. may wish to prescribe a standard form of application for assistance which, in addition to the undertaking to repay, may provide inter alia for the following details, namely, name of applicant, details of family, estimated or actual amount of normal income or remittances, particulars of earning members who are helping or are in a position to help, particulars of any other help received from non-official relief organisations, Provincial Govts. etc.

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9. It is the intention of the Govt.of India that the allowances indicated above should come into force from the 1st of July 1942 and should remain in force for a period of six months. At the end of six months a review will be made to determine what, if any scales, should be continued thereafter, Provincial Govts. are therefore requested to send in monthly returns of disbursements, and to forward a comprehensive review of the situation with indications of anticipated repayments and their recommendations after four months.

10. The instructions contained in Finance Dept. letter No.F.10(27-W/41 dated the 15th May 1942, regarding the accounting arrangements

should continue to be followed. A separate mmm account should be kept for debit to the Govt. of Burma, other than Europeans, Indians and Anglo-Indians. There will mainly be Burmans and Anglo-Burmans, but may include a few British Chinese, or Sino Burmans.

11. Steps may also be taken to make widely known among the refugees, the authorities in the province to whom applications for assistance should be addressed.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Copy of letter No.F.192-41(ii)/W dated the 24th July 1942 from the Secy. to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territory.

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I am directed to refer to my letter No.F.192-41(i)/W dated the 24th July 1942 regarding grant of financial assistance to evacuees.

2. The Govt. of India consider it desirable to draw the attention of the provincial authorities confidentially to two points which it was not thought suitable to include in the official communication on the subject.

3. In xxxixt devising the scales for relief, the Govt.of India have not lost sight of the consideration that recoverable advances should, so far as possible, depend upon the capacity of the recipients to repay. Broadly speaking it is probably true to say that in a scale based upon status or estimated normal income those who qualify for the higher allowances are more likely to be able to repay in due course, while recovery in the case of the lowest categories may well be difficult or impossible. What proportion of the advances on the lower scales may eventually prove to be recoverable in practice is a matter which can only be determined by experience. The Govt. of India suggest, however, that in determining the amount payable in individual cases the provincial authorities should pay increasing regard to the probability of ultimate recovery, the higher the scale for which the applicant appears to qualify.

4. Cases may also occur in which the ability to repay is never in doubt. Such cases would for instance be those of senior Govt. officials, or their dependents who are temporarily cut off from their normal financial resources and cannot,for a limited period, draw upon those resources; similarly, non-officials of known financial standing may need time to establish contact with their agents in India or elsewhere in the Empire. In such cases the Govt.of India are of opinion that the scales and the maximum imposed may be within reason exceeded, the allowances being regarded purely as temporary financial accommodation. The Govt. of India would, however, like such cases to be reported to them for information.

5. Finally the Govt. of India may say that His Majesty's Govt. have not yet concurred in the revised scales. Payment of allowances to European British subjects should therefore, until further instructions, continue to be governed by the previous instructions. The consent of the Burma Govt. to accept responsibility regarding Burmans and Anglo-Burmans is also being sought. Pending any further instructions these individuals should be dealt with in accordance with the revised scales.

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5.	MA/85	" T.R.Chandran	3	Loco Works, Insein.	Rx 197, Avenue Rd., Robertsonpet, K.G.F.	35/-	9.7.1942.	
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9.	M/11	" G.A.Khan.	1	Mountalai St., Rangoon.	C/O P.O.Hoskote.	30/-	9.4.1042	Through Dy.Comm., Bangalore.
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	MA/91	" S.Shanmugam Pillay.	nil	C/O Coombes Co., Rangoon.	22, H.Echalla, Mysore.	20/-	26.6.1942.	

Copy of letter No.D.4242-42/W dated the 4th August 1942 from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees from Burma and the Far East.

I am directed to enclose a list of Indian evacuees residing in the Mysore State who have received financial assistance from the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore.

2. The Hon'ble the Resident would be grateful if the Govt. of Mysore would be so good as to instruct the Dy. Commrs. concerned to examine the cases of these evacuees. If on an examination of any case, the Dy. Commr. considers that assistance should be continued, he may send in his recommendations to this Residency. The scale of assistance recommended should be in accordance with the instructions contained in the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas, letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S., dated the 6th July 1942, a copy of which was sent to you with my letter No.F.192-41(1)/W dated the 24th July 1942. On receipt of the Hon'ble the Resident's sanction to the payment of x the advance, the Dy. Commr. will kindly arrange to draw it from the State Treasury and pay it to the evacuee, the Treasury concerned being instructed to pass on the expenditure to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, for debit to the head "Transactions connected with the war, 1939 - Advances repayable - Advances to evacuees." Since these are repayable advances, any recoveries effected may similarly be passed on to the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury for credit under the head "LII - Receipts connected with the war, 1939".

3. In cases of doubt, the Central Refugee Committee, Bangalore, will be glad to render all possible assistance required,etc.

4. I am to request that, if there is no objection, the consent of the Govt. of Mysore to the above proposal may kindly be obtained and communicated to this Residency.

Copy of letter No.F.135-1/42.O.S. dated the 6th July 1942 from the Govt. of India, Dept. of Indians Overseas.

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Grant of financial assistance to evacuees and to families in India of British subjects detained in enemy occupied territories.

I am directed to state that the Govt. of India have undertaken a comprehensive review of the scheme of financial assistance to evacuees from war zones outlined in the Home Dept. letters No.126/ dated the 14th June 1941 and No.126/25/41-[illegible] 1941. That scheme [illegible]

principally to European refugees from countries such as Malta, Greece, Poland and certain Balkan countries and a few Indian evacuees from Eritrea, East Africa and Aden; the former were a direct responsibility of His Majesty's Govt. for whom the Govt. of India acted as agents; of the latter all but a few were expected to be absorbed rapidly into the economic life of the country. The arrival in recent months of large numbers of refugees from Burma and other Eastern theatres of war has made it necessary to reconsider the system of providing maintenance advances to indigent and destitute refugees (a) because the scales now in force do not appear to be suitable for present conditions and (b) because the apparent differential treatment between Europeans and Indians has given rise to severe criticism in India, and is not in accord with the general policy of the Govt. of India.

2. Not less than 400,000 Indian refugees are now estimated to be in India and the maximum of Rs.35/- p.m. for xx a man and wife, applicable to all alike, laid down in the Home Dept. letter No.126/25/41.Pol.(E) of the 26th July 1941, is obviously not suitable even as a general guide. Nor indeed would the scales laid down by His Majesty's Govt. for European refugees be sufficiently comprehensive, in the opinion of the Govt. of India, to cover the great variations in status and requirements among so large a number. The Govt. of India xxx have therefore decided that the scales of allowances shoul be so devised as to cover and be suitable for all refugees irrespective of race. In their view the scale of allowances should be related to the refugee's needs and standard of living, and therefore roughly graded according to an estimate of his pre-refugee economic status.

3. It is also the desire of the Govt. of India that the same principles should be adopted in determining the allowances to be made to families and dependents in India of Indians stranded in enemy occupied countries.

4. The Govt. of India recognise that within reasonable limits, and subject to the principles indicated hereafter, the exact amount of assistance to be afforded in the circumstances of a particular case must be left to the provincial authorities. They consider it therefore necessary to prescribe only the maximum amounts which, subject to these principles, should be allowed in the various classes These maxima are shown in the following scales:-

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